

Quality measurement system example

We send states to a message queue named 'qualityQueue', which stores simple status messages of a quality assurance system. Create a multi-component application that communicates with the message queue through two clients in the following way:

1. The first client connects to the sensor placed on the measuring machine and randomly sends GOOD, EXCELLENT, and WRONG messages to the 'qualityQueue' message queue every second.
2. Create a component that reads and collects the 'GOOD', 'EXCELLENT', and 'WRONG' messages from the qualityQueue queue. After receiving 10 identical messages, it sends a message to the 'qualityStatistics' queue indicating that it has processed 10 messages of a certain quality.
3. Create a second client that reads the statistics from the 'qualityStatistics' queue and prints to the console, for example, '10 'WRONG' messages has been processed'.

Let's try to solve the task with <http://docker.iit.uni-miskolc.hu> framework.

Starting RabbitMQ in Docker

To solve the task, it is recommended to start multiple instances (terminals). The first terminal will start the RabbitMQ server. Open a new terminal (node 1) and run the following command:

```
docker run -it --rm --name rabbitmq -p 5672:5672 -p 15672:15672
rabbitmq:3.11-management
```

After running the command above, the RabbitMQ management console will be accessible on port 15672, using the credentials guest/guest. In the left-side menu, you can find the internal IP address (10.x.y.z) of node1, which can be used in the clients and processors.

Create another terminal and execute the following command:

```
pip install pika
```

This command installs the pika module, which provides the connection to RabbitMQ.

Create the *quality_message_sender.py*:

Use the appropriate IP address in the *init(self)* method.

```
import pika
import random
import time

class QualitySender:
    def __init__(self):
        self.connection =
pika.BlockingConnection(pika.ConnectionParameters('10.x.y.z'))
        self.channel = self.connection.channel()
        self.channel.queue_declare(queue='qualityQueue')
```

```
def start_sending(self):
    qualities = ['GOOD', 'EXCELLENT', 'WRONG']
    while True:
        quality = random.choice(qualities)
        self.channel.basic_publish(exchange='',
routing_key='qualityQueue', body=quality)
        print(f'Sent quality: {quality}')
        time.sleep(1)

def close_connection(self):
    self.connection.close()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    sender = QualitySender()
    try:
        sender.start_sending()
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        sender.close_connection()
```

Let's create the consumer, and the create statistics:

```
import pika

class QualityConsumer:
    def __init__(self):
        self.connection =
pika.BlockingConnection(pika.ConnectionParameters('localhost'))
        self.channel = self.connection.channel()
        self.channel.queue_declare(queue='qualityQueue')
        self.channel.queue_declare(queue='qualityStatistics')
        self.message_count = {'GOOD': 0, 'EXCELLENT': 0, 'WRONG': 0}

    def start_consuming(self):
        def callback(ch, method, properties, body):
            quality = body.decode()
            self.message_count[quality] += 1
            print(f'Received quality: {quality}')
            if self.is_batch_completed():
                self.send_statistics()
                self.reset_message_count()

        self.channel.basic_consume(queue='qualityQueue',
on_message_callback=callback, auto_ack=True)
        self.channel.start_consuming()

    def send_statistics(self):
        for quality, count in self.message_count.items():
            if count > 0:
                message = f'{count} {quality} messages has been processed'
                self.channel.basic_publish(exchange='',
```

```
routing_key='qualityStatistics', body=message)
    print(f'Sent statistics: {message}')

def reset_message_count(self):
    for quality in self.message_count:
        self.message_count[quality] = 0

def is_batch_completed(self):
    return sum(self.message_count.values()) >= 10

def close_connection(self):
    self.connection.close()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    consumer = QualityConsumer()
    try:
        consumer.start_consuming()
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        consumer.close_connection()
```

The third components prints the statistics. Let's create an other instance (terminal) and create statistics_consumer.py

```
import pika

# RabbitMQ settings
connection = pika.BlockingConnection(pika.ConnectionParameters('10.x.y.z'))
channel = connection.channel()

channel.queue_declare(queue='qualityStatistics')

def callback(ch, method, properties, body):
    message = body.decode()
    print(f'{message}')
    ch.basic_ack(delivery_tag=method.delivery_tag)

channel.basic_consume(queue='qualityStatistics',
on_message_callback=callback)

print('Waiting for quality statistics...')
channel.start_consuming()
```

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Last update: **2023/05/08 08:30**



