

## Huffman codes

A lossless compression algorithm that assigns shorter binary codes to more frequent symbols and longer codes to less frequent ones, optimizing the average code length.

## RLE coding

A simple compression technique that encodes consecutive repeating characters or bits with a single symbol and a repetition count, reducing storage size for repetitive data patterns.

## LZW coding

A lossless data compression algorithm that replaces repeated patterns in the input with shorter codes, dynamically builds a dictionary of substrings.

## Multimedia compression

Covers lossy and lossless techniques used to reduce the size of multimedia files like images, audio, and video by discarding less perceptible data or optimizing storage efficiency.

## Jpeg compression

A lossy image compression method that reduces file size by converting color spaces, applying a Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT), and using quantization and entropy coding.

## Mpeg compression

A standard for compressing video and audio by reducing spatial and temporal redundancies, using frame types (I, P, B) and motion compensation for efficient storage and transmission.

## Character encoding

Explains systems like ASCII, ANSI, ISO standards, and Unicode for representing characters in digital formats.

## UTF-8 encoding

A variable-length encoding system that compresses Unicode characters into 1 to 6 bytes depending on the character range, ensuring compatibility with ASCII.

## Base64 coding

A method for encoding binary data into text using 64 symbols, ensuring safe transmission of data in text-only formats like email or URLs. It's commonly used in MIME for email attachments.

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